

## Rules for integrands involving inverse hyperbolic sines

1.  $\int u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x])^n dx$

1:  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x])^n dx$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule:

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x])^n dx, x, c + d x \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
 1/d*Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcSinh[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n},x]
```

2:  $\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x])^n dx$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule:

$$\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int \left( \frac{d e - c f}{d} + \frac{f x}{d} \right)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x])^n dx, x, c + d x \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
 1/d*Subst[Int[((d*e-c*f)/d+f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcSinh[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x]
```

3:  $\int (A + Bx + Cx^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + dx])^n dx$  when  $B(1 + c^2) - 2Ac = 0 \wedge 2cC - Bd = 0$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $B(1 + c^2) - 2Ac = 0 \wedge 2cC - Bd = 0$ , then  $A + Bx + Cx^2 = \frac{C}{d^2} + \frac{C}{d^2}(c + dx)^2$

Rule: If  $B(1 + c^2) - 2Ac = 0 \wedge 2cC - Bd = 0$ , then

$$\int (A + Bx + Cx^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + dx])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int \left( \frac{C}{d^2} + \frac{Cx^2}{d^2} \right)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x])^n dx, x, c + dx \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(A.+B.*x.+C.*x.^2)^p.*(a.+b.*ArcSinh[c.+d.*x.])^n.,x_Symbol] :=
  1/d*Subst[Int[(C/d^2+C/d^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C,n,p},x] && EqQ[B*(1+c^2)-2*A*c*d,0] && EqQ[2*c*C-B*d,0]
```

4:  $\int (e + f x)^m (A + B x + C x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x])^n dx$  when  $B (1 + c^2) - 2 A c d = 0 \wedge 2 c C - B d = 0$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $B (1 + c^2) - 2 A c d = 0 \wedge 2 c C - B d = 0$ , then  $A + B x + C x^2 = \frac{C}{d^2} + \frac{C}{d^2} (c + d x)^2$

Rule: If  $B (1 + c^2) - 2 A c d = 0 \wedge 2 c C - B d = 0$ , then

$$\int (e + f x)^m (A + B x + C x^2)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int \left( \frac{d e - c f}{d} + \frac{f x}{d} \right)^m \left( \frac{C}{d^2} + \frac{C x^2}{d^2} \right)^p (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x])^n dx, x, c + d x \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.* (A_.+B_.*x_+C_.*x_^2)^p_.* (a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_])^n_.,x_Symbol]:=  
 1/d*Subst[Int[((d*e-c*f)/d+f*x/d)^m*(C/d^2+C/d^2*x^2)^p*(a+b*ArcSinh[x])^n,x],x,c+d*x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,A,B,C,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[B*(1+c^2)-2*A*c*d,0] && EqQ[2*c*C-B*d,0]
```

2.  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n dx$  when  $c^2 = -1$

1.  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n dx$  when  $c^2 = -1 \wedge n > 0$

1:  $\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]} dx$  when  $c^2 = -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Note: This antiderivative is probably better expressed in terms of error functions...

Rule: If  $c^2 = -1$ , then

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]} dx \rightarrow x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]} - b d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]} - \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\pi} x (\cosh[\frac{a}{2b}] - c \sinh[\frac{a}{2b}]) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left[\sqrt{-\frac{c}{\pi b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}\right]}{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} (\cosh[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]] + c \sinh[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]])} + \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\pi} x (\cosh[\frac{a}{2b}] + c \sinh[\frac{a}{2b}]) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left[\sqrt{-\frac{c}{\pi b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}\right]}{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} (\cosh[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]] + c \sinh[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]])} \end{aligned}$$

### Program code:

```

Int[Sqrt[a..+b..*ArcSinh[c+d..*x^2]],x_Symbol] :=
  x*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]] -
  Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cosh[a/(2*b)]-c*Sinh[a/(2*b)])*FresnelC[Sqrt[-c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]]]/
  (Sqrt[-(c/b)]*(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2])) +
  Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cosh[a/(2*b)]+c*Sinh[a/(2*b)])*FresnelS[Sqrt[-c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]]]/
  (Sqrt[-(c/b)]*(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2])) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,-1]

```

2:  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n dx$  when  $c^2 = -1 \wedge n > 1$

Derivation: Integration by parts twice

Basis: If  $c^2 = -1$ , then  $\partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n = \frac{2 b d n x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}$

Basis:  $\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}} = \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}{d^2 x}$

Rule: If  $c^2 = -1 \wedge n > 1$ , then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n dx \rightarrow x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n - 2 b d n \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^{n-1}}{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow x \left( a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2] \right)^n - \frac{2 b n \sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4} \left( a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2] \right)^{n-1}}{d x} + 4 b^2 n (n-1) \int \left( a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2] \right)^{n-2} dx$$

## Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_^2])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
 x*(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])^n -  
 2*b*n*Sqrt[2*c*d*x^2+d^2*x^4]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])^(n-1)/(d*x) +  
 4*b^2*n*(n-1)*Int[(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])^(n-2),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,-1] && GtQ[n,1]
```

2.  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n dx$  when  $c^2 = -1 \wedge n < 0$

1:  $\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]} dx$  when  $c^2 = -1$

Rule: If  $c^2 = -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{x \left( c \operatorname{Cosh}\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] - \operatorname{Sinh}\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] \right) \operatorname{CoshIntegral}\left[\frac{1}{2b} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])\right]}{2 b \left( \operatorname{Cosh}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] + c \operatorname{Sinh}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] \right)} + \frac{x \left( \operatorname{Cosh}\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] - c \operatorname{Sinh}\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] \right) \operatorname{SinhIntegral}\left[\frac{1}{2b} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])\right]}{2 b \left( \operatorname{Cosh}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] + c \operatorname{Sinh}\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] \right)}$$

## Program code:

```
Int[1/(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_^2]),x_Symbol]:=  
 x*(c*Cosh[a/(2*b)]-Sinh[a/(2*b)])*CoshIntegral[(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/  
 (2*b*(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[(1/2)*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]])) +  
 x*(Cosh[a/(2*b)]-c*Sinh[a/(2*b)])*SinhIntegral[(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/  
 (2*b*(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[(1/2)*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]])) /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,-1]
```

2:  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}} dx \text{ when } c^2 = -1$

Rule: If  $c^2 = -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(c+1) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \times (\cosh[\frac{a}{2b}] - \sinh[\frac{a}{2b}]) \operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}\right]}{2 \sqrt{b} (\cosh[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]] + c \sinh[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]])} + \frac{(c-1) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \times (\cosh[\frac{a}{2b}] + \sinh[\frac{a}{2b}]) \operatorname{Erf}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}\right]}{2 \sqrt{b} (\cosh[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]] + c \sinh[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]])}$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_^2]],x_Symbol]:=  
  (c+1)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*xx*(Cosh[a/(2*b)]-Sinh[a/(2*b)])*Erfi[Sqrt[a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]]/Sqrt[2*b]]/  
  (2*Sqrt[b]*(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2])) +  
  (c-1)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*xx*(Cosh[a/(2*b)]+Sinh[a/(2*b)])*Erf[Sqrt[a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]]/Sqrt[2*b]]/  
  (2*Sqrt[b]*(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2])) /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,-1]
```

3.  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n dx \text{ when } c^2 = -1 \wedge n < -1$

1:  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^{3/2}} dx \text{ when } c^2 = -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If  $c^2 = -1$ , then  $-\frac{b dx}{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}} = \partial_x \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c+d x^2]}}$

Rule: If  $c^2 = -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^{3/2}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}{b d x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}} + \frac{d}{b} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}{b d x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}} -$$

$$\left( \left( -\frac{c}{b} \right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \times \left( \cosh\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] - c \sinh\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] \right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left[ \sqrt{-\frac{c}{\pi b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]} \right] \right) / \left( \cosh\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] + c \sinh\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] \right) +$$

$$\left( \left( -\frac{c}{b} \right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \times \left( \cosh\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] + c \sinh\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] \right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left[ \sqrt{-\frac{c}{\pi b}} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]} \right] \right) / \left( \cosh\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] + c \sinh\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] \right)$$

Program code:

```
Int[1/(a_+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_^2])^(3/2),x_Symbol]:=  
-Sqrt[2*c*d*x^2+d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]]) -  
(-c/b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cosh[a/(2*b)]-c*Sinh[a/(2*b)])*FresnelC[Sqrt[-c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]]]/  
(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]) +  
(-c/b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cosh[a/(2*b)]+c*Sinh[a/(2*b)])*FresnelS[Sqrt[-c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]]]/  
(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]) /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,-1]
```

2:  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^2} dx$  when  $c^2 = -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis: If  $c^2 = -1$ , then  $-\frac{2 b d x}{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^2} = \partial_x \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]}$

Rule: If  $c^2 = -1$ , then

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^2} dx \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}{2 b d x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])} + \frac{d}{2 b} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])} dx$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}{2 b d x (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])} + \frac{x (\cosh\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] - c \sinh\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right]) \operatorname{CoshIntegral}\left[\frac{1}{2b} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])\right]}{4 b^2 (\cosh\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] + c \sinh\left[\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right])} +$$

$$\frac{x \left(c \cosh\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right] - \sinh\left[\frac{a}{2b}\right]\right) \text{SinhIntegral}\left[\frac{1}{2b} (a + b \text{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])\right]}{4 b^2 \left(\cosh\left[\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right] + c \sinh\left[\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2]\right]\right)}$$

## Program code:

```
Int[1/(a_..+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_^2])^2,x_Symbol]:=  
-Sqrt[2*c*d*x^2+d^2*x^4]/(2*b*d*x*(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]))+  
x*(Cosh[a/(2*b)]-c*Sinh[a/(2*b)])*CoshIntegral[(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/  
(4*b^2*(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]))+  
x*(c*Cosh[a/(2*b)]-Sinh[a/(2*b)])*SinhIntegral[(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])/(2*b)]/  
(4*b^2*(Cosh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]+c*Sinh[ArcSinh[c+d*x^2]/2]))/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,-1]
```

3:  $\int (a + b \text{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n dx$  when  $c^2 = -1 \wedge n < -1 \wedge n \neq -2$

## Derivation: Inverted integration by parts twice

Rule: If  $c^2 = -1 \wedge n < -1 \wedge n \neq -2$ , then

$$\int (a + b \text{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^n dx \rightarrow  
-\frac{x (a + b \text{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^{n+2}}{4 b^2 (n + 1) (n + 2)} + \frac{\sqrt{2 c d x^2 + d^2 x^4} (a + b \text{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^{n+1}}{2 b d (n + 1) x} + \frac{1}{4 b^2 (n + 1) (n + 2)} \int (a + b \text{ArcSinh}[c + d x^2])^{n+2} dx$$

## Program code:

```
Int[(a_..+b_.*ArcSinh[c_+d_.*x_^2])^n_,x_Symbol]:=  
-x*(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])^(n+2)/(4*b^2*(n+1)*(n+2))+  
Sqrt[2*c*d*x^2+d^2*x^4]*(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])^(n+1)/(2*b*d*(n+1)*x)+  
1/(4*b^2*(n+1)*(n+2))*Int[(a+b*ArcSinh[c+d*x^2])^(n+2),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && EqQ[c^2,-1] && LtQ[n,-1] && NeQ[n,-2]
```

3:  $\int \frac{\text{ArcSinh}[a x^p]^n}{x} dx \text{ when } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $\frac{\text{ArcSinh}[a x^p]^n}{x} = \frac{1}{p} \text{Subst}[x^n \coth[x], x, \text{ArcSinh}[a x^p]] \partial_x \text{ArcSinh}[a x^p]$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcSinh}[a x^p]^n}{x} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{p} \text{Subst}\left[\int x^n \coth[x] dx, x, \text{ArcSinh}[a x^p]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcSinh[a_.*x_^p_]^n_./x_,x_Symbol]:=  
  1/p*Subst[Int[x^n*Coth[x],x],x,ArcSinh[a*x^p]] /;  
FreeQ[{a,p},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

4:  $\int u \text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{c}{a + b x^n}\right]^m dx$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $\text{ArcSinh}[z] = \text{ArcCsch}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Rule:

$$\int u \text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{c}{a + b x^n}\right]^m dx \rightarrow \int u \text{ArcCsch}\left[\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b x^n}{c}\right]^m dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*ArcSinh[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_^n_.)]^m_.,x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[u*ArcCsch[a/c+b*x^n/c]^m,x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,m},x]
```

$$5: \int \frac{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-1+b x^2}]^n}{\sqrt{-1+b x^2}} dx$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{b x^2}}{x} = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \frac{x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-1+b x^2}]^n}{\sqrt{b x^2} \sqrt{-1+b x^2}} = \frac{1}{b} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[x]^n}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}, x, \sqrt{-1+b x^2}\right] \partial_x \sqrt{-1+b x^2}$$

— Rule:

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-1+b x^2}]^n}{\sqrt{-1+b x^2}} dx &\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{b x^2}}{x} \int \frac{x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-1+b x^2}]^n}{\sqrt{b x^2} \sqrt{-1+b x^2}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{b x^2}}{b x} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[x]^n}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx, x, \sqrt{-1+b x^2}\right] \end{aligned}$$

— Program code:

```
Int[ArcSinh[Sqrt[-1+b_.*x_^2]]^n_./Sqrt[-1+b_.*x_^2],x_Symbol] :=
  Sqrt[b*x^2]/(b*x)*Subst[Int[ArcSinh[x]^n/Sqrt[1+x^2],x],x,Sqrt[-1+b*x^2]] /;
FreeQ[{b,n},x]
```

6.  $\int u f^c \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

1:  $\int f^c \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]^n dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $F[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]] = \frac{1}{b} \operatorname{Subst}[F[x] \operatorname{Cosh}[x], x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int f^c \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]^n dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{b} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int f^c x^n \operatorname{Cosh}[x] dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[f_^(c_.*ArcSinh[a_.+b_.*x_]^n_),x_Symbol]:=  
  1/b*Subst[Int[f^(c*x^n)*Cosh[x],x],x,ArcSinh[a+b*x]] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,f},x] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

2:  $\int x^m f^{c \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]^n} dx \text{ when } (m | n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $F[x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a + b x]] =$

$$\frac{1}{b} \operatorname{Subst}\left[F\left[-\frac{a}{b} + \frac{\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{b}, x\right] \operatorname{Cosh}[x], x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a + b x]\right] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a + b x]$$

Rule: If  $(m | n) \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int x^m f^{c \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a+b x]^n} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{b} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \left(-\frac{a}{b} + \frac{\operatorname{Sinh}[x]}{b}\right)^m f^{c x^n} \operatorname{Cosh}[x] dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSinh}[a + b x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*f^(c.*ArcSinh[a.+b.*x.]^n.),x_Symbol]:=  
 1/b*Subst[Int[(-a/b+Sinh[x]/b)^m*f^(c*x^n)*Cosh[x],x],x,ArcSinh[a+b*x]] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,f},x] && IGtQ[m,0] && IGtQ[n,0]
```

7.  $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u]) dx$  when  $u$  is free of inverse functions

1:  $\int \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u] dx$  when  $u$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

– Rule: If  $u$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u] dx \rightarrow x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u] - \int \frac{x \partial_x u}{\sqrt{1+u^2}} dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[ArcSinh[u_],x_Symbol] :=
  x*ArcSinh[u] -
  Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*D[u,x]/Sqrt[1+u^2],x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]
```

2:  $\int (c + d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1 \wedge u$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If  $m \neq -1 \wedge u$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int (c + d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u])}{d (m+1)} - \frac{b}{d (m+1)} \int \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} \partial_x u}{\sqrt{1+u^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSinh[u])/(d*(m+1)) -
  b/(d*(m+1))*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*D[u,x]/Sqrt[1+u^2],x],x];
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1),u,x]] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]
```

3:  $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u]) dx$  when  $u$  and  $\int v dx$  are free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts

Rule: If  $u$  is free of inverse functions, let  $w = \int v dx$ , if  $w$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u]) dx \rightarrow w (a + b \operatorname{ArcSinh}[u]) - b \int \frac{w \partial_x u}{\sqrt{1+u^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[v_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSinh[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{w=IntHide[v,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSinh[u]),w,x] - b*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[w*D[u,x]/Sqrt[1+u^2],x],x];
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[w,x]];
  FreeQ[{a,b},x] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[MatchQ[v, (c_.+d_.*x)^m_. /; FreeQ[{c,d,m},x]]]
```

$$8. \int u e^{n \operatorname{ArcSinh}[p_x]} dx$$

**1:**  $\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcSinh}[p_x]} dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $e^{n \operatorname{ArcSinh}[z]} = \left( z + \sqrt{1 + z^2} \right)^n$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcSinh}[p_x]} dx \rightarrow \int \left( p_x + \sqrt{1 + p_x^2} \right)^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n_.*ArcSinh[u_]), x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(u+Sqrt[1+u^2])^n,x] /;
IntegerQ[n] && PolyQ[u,x]
```

2:  $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcSinh}[p_x]} dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $e^{n \operatorname{ArcSinh}[z]} = \left( z + \sqrt{1 + z^2} \right)^n$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcSinh}[p_x]} dx \rightarrow \int x^m \left( p_x + \sqrt{1 + p_x^2} \right)^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*E^(n.*ArcSinh[u_]), x_Symbol] :=
  Int[x^m*(u+Sqrt[1+u^2])^n,x] /;
RationalQ[m] && IntegerQ[n] && PolyQ[u,x]
```